Consider an unbounded Reifenberg flat chord arc domain \( (D) \) in \( \mathbb{R}^{n+1} \) which is a domain with certain flatness conditions, and if the gradient of the Green's function with pole at infinity is bounded above by \( 1 \) and its normal derivative at the boundary is bounded below by \( 1 \), then \( (D) \) is a half space. In this talk, I'll introduce what is a Reifenberg flat chord arc domain and outline sketch of the proof.